County of Imperial El Centro, California

Audit Report

June 30, 2020

WILKINSON HADLEY KING & CO. LLP

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Central Union High School District El Centro, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Union High School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Union High School District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information as identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information identified in the table of contents, as required by the 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2021, on our consideration of Central Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

El Cajon, California
March 31, 2021

CENTRAL UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2020
(Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of Central Union High School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. To provide a complete understanding of the District's financial performance, please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report, the District's financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative information is required to be presented in the MD & A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The increase in Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) sources from 2018 to 2019-20 was \$1.63 million. The State of California is now funding 100% of the LCFF gap.
- The general fund expenditures increased by \$5,500 over the previous year amount. Total general fund expenditures have remained relatively consistent.
- ➤ General Fund expenditures and other uses exceeded revenue and other sources by \$1,654,853. This was due to a \$3,000,000 transfer to the Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of the following parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, other supplementary information, and findings and recommendations. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Central Union High School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements are district-wide financial statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail.

For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's more significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the supplementary information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. A comparison of the District's general fund budget is included.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

These two statements provide information about the District as a whole using methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting takes in account all the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements report information on the district as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2019-2020?"

The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Over time, the increases or decreases in the District's net position, as reported in the Statement of Activities, are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses indicates the District's operating results. However, the District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities. One must consider many non-financial factors, such as the quality of education provided to assess the overall health of the District.

- Increases or decreases in the net position of the District over time are indications of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- Additional non-financial factors such as condition of school buildings and other facilities, and changes to the property tax base of the District need to be considered in assessing the overall health of the District.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the District establishes other funds to control and manage money for specific purposes.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds. The major governmental funds of the District are the General Fund, the Building Fund, and the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances that remain at the end of the year. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and services that help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the student activities funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENTS

The School District as a Whole

The District's net position was \$37.5 million at June 30, 2020. Of this amount, unrestricted net position was (\$23.2) million, net investment in capital assets was \$20.2 million, and restricted net position was \$40.5 million. A Comparative analysis of government-wide statement of net position is presented in Table 1.

The District's net position increased \$.6 million this fiscal year (See Table 2). The District's expenses for instructional and pupil services represented 77% of total expenses. The administrative activities of the District accounted for just 8% of total costs. The remaining 15% was spent in the areas of plant services and other expenses. (See Figure 2)

(Table 1) Comparative Statement of Net Position

Governmental Activities

	June 30, 2019			June 30, 2020		
Assets			·	_		
Cash	\$	50,551,849	\$	39,097,473		
Accounts receivable		2,541,957		8,885,117		
Stores inventory		65,735		81,034		
Capital assets		73,631,281		84,586,760		
Total Assets	\$	126,790,822	\$	132,650,384		
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	\$	223,204	\$	1,155,981		
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions		15,655,764		13,737,138		
Deferred outflows of resources - other		355,826		304,773		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	16,234,794	\$	15,197,892		
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	3,006,249	\$	6,176,499		
Unearned revenue		73,166		513,785		
Long-term liabilities		96,722,367		99,640,321		
Total liabilities	\$	99,801,782	\$	106,330,605		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	\$	348,913	\$	361,261		
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions		5,927,621		3,633,733		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$_	6,276,534	\$	3,994,994		
Net Assets						
Net investment in capital assets		39,599,220	\$	40,452,062		
Restricted		40,656,410	-	20,273,186		
Unrestricted		(43,308,330)		(23,202,571)		
Total net position	\$	36,947,300	\$	37,522,677		

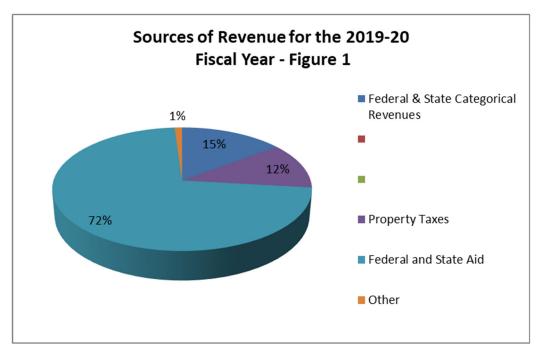
(Table 2)
Comparative Statement of Change in Net Position

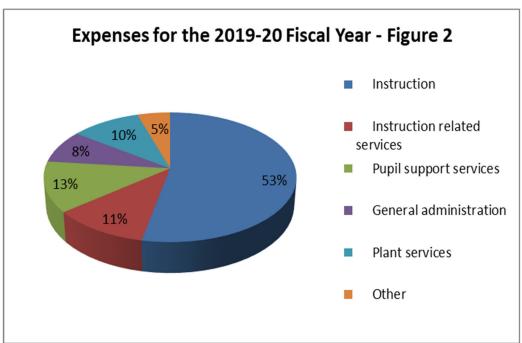
Governmental Activities

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020		
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 244,324	\$ 495,006		
Operating and capital grants	8,807,304	8,426,357		
General revenues				
Taxes levied for general purposes	4,723,853	4,885,283		
Taxes levied for debt service	2,550,555	1,983,077		
Taxes levied for other specific purposes	237,026	-		
Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes	44,541,433	45,150,191		
Interest and investment earnings	338,782	346,646		
Miscellaneous	314,788	661,247		
Total Revenues	\$ 61,758,065	\$ 61,947,807		
Expenses				
Instruction	31,158,194	34,703,385		
Instruction related services	6,445,624	6,636,837		
Pupil support services	7,387,138	7,292,309		
General administration	4,857,141	3,976,027		
Plant services	5,971,592	5,534,246		
Other	2,803,796	3,184,626		
Total Expenses	\$ 58,623,485	\$ 61,327,430		
1	2 424 500	620.277		
Increase (Decrease) in net position	3,134,580	620,377		
Net Position - Beginning Balance	33,812,720	36,902,300		
Net Position - Ending Balance	\$ 36,947,300	\$ 37,522,677		

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

As reported in the Statement of Activities, the cost of all of the District's governmental activities this year was \$61.3 million. The amount that our local taxpayers financed for these activities through property taxes was \$6.8 million. Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes totaled \$45.1 million. Operating grants and contributions revenue was \$8.4 (See Figure 1).





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUND STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The District's individual fund statements provide information on inflows and outflows and balances of spendable resources. The District's Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance of \$41.9 million, a decrease of \$8.5 million from the previous fiscal year's combined ending balance of \$50.4 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget regularly. The significant budget adjustments fell into the following categories:

- Budget revisions to the adopted budget required after approval of the State budget.
- Budget revisions to update revenues to actual enrollment information and to update expenditures for staffing adjustments related to actual enrollments.
- Other budget revisions are routine in nature, including adjustments to categorical revenues and expenditures based on final awards, and adjustments between expenditure categories for school and department budgets.

The final revised budget for the General Fund reflected a net decrease to the ending balance of \$4.1 million.

The District ended the year with a \$1.6 million decrease to the general fund ending balance. The State recommends available reserves of 3% of District expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District has a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, administrative buildings, site improvements, vehicles, and equipment. Table 3 demonstrates a comparative Schedule of Capital Assets.

(Table 3)

Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019		Net \$ Change		Net % Change
Land	\$	8,188,554	\$	8,188,554	\$	0	0.0%
Work in Progress		14,976,299		12,102,387		2,873,912	23.7%
Land Improvements		8,829,425		8,829,425		0	0.0%
Buildings & Improvements		88,753,850		78,699,296		10,054,554	12.8%
Equipment		12,928,389		12,555,324		373,065	3.0%
Less Accumulated Depreciaton	:						
Land Improvements		(6,548,805)		(6,354,367)		(194,438)	3.1%
Building Imprpvements		(35,794,882)		(34,257,643)		(1,537,239)	4.5%
Equipment	_	(6,746,070)	_	(6,131,695)		(614,375)	10.0%
Total	\$	84,586,760	\$	73,631,281	\$	10,955,479	14.9%

Long-Term Debt and Long Term Obligations

At June 30, 2020 the District had \$99 million in long-term debt and other long term obligations outstanding. Table 4 shows a comparative schedule of long-term debt and long term obligation items.

(Table 4)

Comparative Schedule of Long Term Debt and Long Term Obligations

June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2019	2020	Net \$ Change	Percent Change
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 34,032,061	\$ 32,733,178	\$ (1,298,883)	-4%
Net OPEB liability	9,979,910	11,665,958	1,686,048	17%
Net Pension liability	52,495,534	54,952,544	2,457,010	5%
Compensated Absences	214,864	288,641	73,777	34%
Total	\$ 96,722,369	\$ 99,640,321	\$ 2,917,952	52%

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

The State's economic downturns and surpluses impact the District's fiscal future dramatically. The financial well-being of the District is tied in large measure to the state funding formula called the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF).

The latest enrollment projections indicate a flat enrollment for the District over the next two school years. Student enrollment and attendance are primary factors in the computation of most funding formulae for public schools in the State of California. While Average Daily Attendance (ADA) growth is not budgeted until realized in the Spring, future growth potential is there, but attendance remains the focal point of every budget report.

To address the impact of COVID-19 on ADA, the State will provide LCFF apportionments for 2020-21 based on the 2019-20 P-2 ADA. Senate Bill 117 was approved to established the new P-2 attendance timeframe in 2019-20 to be July 1, 2019 through February 29, 2020. The "hold harmless" provision within SB 117 means the State will use prior year P-2 ADA (for the District this is 3,991.31 ADA) to provide State Revenues in 2020-21 and 2021-22. The District's LCFF accounts for **97.6**% of the total Unrestricted General Fund dollars.

Given this "hold harmless" on ADA, it still means the District must generate attendance records in 2020-21 and 2021-22 in order to meet State compulsory attendance requirements. Also, attendance accounting must be taken to report how students are engaged in instruction.

Currently, the Central Union High School District is providing instruction using a distance learning model. All students are currently receiving instruction on-line using Google Meet or Google Classroom. The District will move into a hybrid model (part in-person and part distance learning) when it is safer to do so based on Center for Disease Control (CDC), State guidance and local Public Health direction.

In order to stabilize the economy, the Federal Government approved the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act. Federal funds were provided to States to hedge the impact of COVID-19 on staff, assistance with costs of purchasing Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), disinfectant supplies, and other measures to fight the spread of the Coronavirus. The District received a total of approximately \$5.3 million in first round of the CARES Act. In addition, the District is to receive a second allocation of Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II) which is projected to be received in the 2020-21 fiscal year.

The Central Union High School District Board of Trustees has prioritized the modernization and capital improvements of its facilities. Annually, the Board approves by resolution a Facility Improvement Plan/On-going Major Maintenance Plan to address facility needs. The District spent over \$2.5 million and \$1.5 million in 2019-20 and 2020-21, respectfully. The District plans on spending approximately \$2 million in 2021-22.

In addition, the District's community approved the Measure K General Obligation Bond for \$30 million which is currently being used to construct the new Science, Technology, Engineering and Math (STEM) Building at Central Union High School. This new State-of-the-Art facility, which is projected to be completed in June, 2021, will bring much needed opportunities to the students of the Central Union High School District. It is also anticipated to draw in students who wish to participate in cutting-edge technology.

Although the COVID-19 pandemic greatly affected student learning and has brought many issues surrounding in-person learning, the District team will meet the needs of our students by utilizing the funds necessary to overcome lost learning and enhancing opportunities for generations to come.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general over view of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the business office, at Central Union High School District, 351 W Ross Ave, El Centro, California 92243.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash	\$ 39,097,473
Accounts Receivable	8,885,117
Inventory	81,034
Prepaid Expenses	-
Capital Assets:	
Land	8,188,554
Land Improvements	8,829,425
Buildings & Improvements	88,753,850
Equipment	12,928,389
Work In Progress	14,976,299
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(49,089,757)
Total Assets	132,650,384
Deferred Outflows of Resources	15,197,892
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	6,176,499
Unearned Revenue	513,785
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,702,218
Due In More Than One Year	97,938,103
Total Liabilities	106,330,605
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2 004 004
Deletted filliows of Resources	3,994,994
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	40,452,062
Restricted For:	
Capital Projects	13,085,647
Debt Service	3,930,658
Educational Programs	1,187,090
Other Purposes (Expendable)	1,913,757
Other Purposes (Nonexpendable)	156,034
Unrestricted	(23,202,571)
Total Net Position	\$ 37,522,677

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Progr	am Pavanua			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	-		Program Revenues					al Granta	T OSITION
			Ch	arges for	Operating for Grants and		Capital Grants and		Governmental
Functions	F	xpenses		Services		ntributions		ributions	Activities
Governmental Activities		дреньев		, cr vices				rioutions	1 TO CITY RICES
Instruction	\$	34,703,385	\$	6,167	\$	4,127,525	\$	140	\$ (30,569,553)
Instruction-Related Services:	•	- , ,	•	-,	,	, ,, -,-	•		. ())
Instructional Supervision and Administration		2,426,156		-		417,296		_	(2,008,860)
Instructional Library, Media and Technology		475,121		_		118,656		_	(356,465)
School Site Administration		3,735,560		_		576,335		-	(3,159,225)
Pupil Services:									
Home-to-School Transportation		1,552,340		-		-		-	(1,552,340)
Food Services		2,072,829		199,267		1,648,171		-	(225,391)
All Other Pupil Services		3,667,140		-		468,843		-	(3,198,297)
General Administration:									
Centralized Data Processing		991,862		-		-		-	(991,862)
All Other General Administration		2,984,165		12,393		451,881		-	(2,519,891)
Plant Services		5,534,246		276,662		608,224		-	(4,649,360)
Ancillary Services		1,067,268		517		9,286		-	(1,057,465)
Community Services		225,227							(225,227)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,168,402		-		-		-	(1,168,402)
Transfers Between Agencies		723,729		-		_			(723,729)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	61,327,430	\$	495,006	\$	8,426,217	\$	140	(52,406,067)
			nd Sub	oventions:					
		_	-			eneral Purpo	ses		\$ 4,885,283
		_	-	axes, Levied					1,983,077
						icted for Spe	cific Pur	poses	45,150,191
				vestment Ea	arning	S			346,646
		Miscella		eneral Reven					661,247
			53,026,444						
		Change	in Net	Position					620,377
		Net Pos	ition -	Beginning of	f Year	r			36,902,300
Net Position - Ending								\$ 37,522,677	

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General Fund			Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		l Governmental		Total	
Assets	•	11 120 566	•	10 501011	Φ.	0.424.077	Φ.		•	20.022.472
Cash in County Treasury	\$	11,138,566	\$	12,794,314	\$	8,434,077	\$	6,655,516	\$	39,022,473
Cash in Revolving Fund		75,000		-		-		-		75,000
Accounts Receivable		8,227,480		38,262		19,850		599,525		8,885,117
Due from Other Funds		116,495		-		-		-		116,495
Stores Inventories		39,598						41,436		81,034
Total Assets	\$	19,597,139	\$	12,832,576	\$	8,453,927	\$	7,296,477	\$	48,180,119
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	4,180,454	\$	1,431,056	\$	3,453	\$	77,722	\$	5,692,685
Due to Other Funds	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ.	116,495	Ψ	116,495
Unearned Revenue		489,930		-		-		23,855		513,785
Total Liabilities		4,670,384		1,431,056		3,453		218,072		6,322,965
Fund Balance:										
Nonspendable		114,598		-		-		41,436		156,034
Restricted		1,776,402		11,401,520		-		6,939,230		20,117,152
Assigned		3,519,922		-		8,450,474		97,739		12,068,135
Unassigned		9,515,833		-		-		-		9,515,833
Total Fund Balance		14,926,755		11,401,520		8,450,474		7,078,405		41,857,154
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		19,597,139	\$	12,832,576	\$	8,453,927	\$	7,296,477	\$	48,180,119

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total fund balances governmental funds:

\$ 41,857,154

Amounts reported for assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.

Capital assets relating to governmental activities, at historical cost Accumulated depreciation 133,676,517 (49,089,757)

Net 84,586,760

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(483,814)

Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

General obligation bonds payable	32,733,178
Total OPEB liability	11,665,958
Net pension liability	54,952,544
Compensated absences	288,641
	Total

(99,640,321)

Deferred gain or loss on debt refunding: In the government wide financial statements deferred gain or loss on debt refunding is recognized as a deferred outflow of resources (for a loss) or a deferred inflow of resources (for a gain) and subsequently amortized over the life of the debt. Deferred gain or loss on debt refunding recognized as a deferred outflow of resources or deferred inflow of resources on the statement of net position was:

304,773

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position, Continued June 30, 2020

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions

Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions

(3,633,733)

Net

10,103,405

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to other postemployment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB

Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB

Net

1,155,981

(361,261)

Net

794,720

Total net position governmental activities:

\$ 37,522,677

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30,2020

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total	
Revenues	ф. 40.400.145	Φ.	r.	ď.	ф. 40.400.145	
State Apportionment	\$ 40,408,145	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,408,145	
Education Protection Account Funds	3,949,735	-	-	1 002 077	3,949,735	
Property Taxes	4,885,283	-	-	1,983,077	6,868,360	
Federal Revenue	2,770,027	-	-	1,801,751	4,571,778	
Other State Revenue	4,548,028	202.270	- 00 172	979,297	5,527,325	
Interest	204,190	293,270	89,173	86,093	672,726	
Other Local Revenue	1,360,740	14,251	17,932	928,728	2,321,651	
Total Revenues	58,126,148	307,521	107,105	5,778,946	64,319,720	
Expenditures Current Expenditures:						
Instruction	31,721,062	=	-	475,457	32,196,519	
Instruction - Related Services	6,109,019	=	-	448,853	6,557,872	
Pupil Services	5,328,064	=	-	1,957,590	7,285,654	
Ancillary Services	1,054,271	-	-	-	1,054,271	
Community Services	221,973	-	-	-	221,973	
General Administration	3,657,919	-	-	200,564	3,858,483	
Plant Services	5,336,553	-	-	73,685	5,410,238	
Payments to County Office	723,729	-	-	-	723,729	
Capital Outlay	2,628,411	10,562,414	-	110,706	13,301,531	
Debt Service:						
Principal	-	-	-	1,225,000	1,225,000	
Interest	-	-	-	1,079,586	1,079,586	
Total Expenditures	56,781,001	10,562,414		5,571,441	72,914,856	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,345,147	(10,254,893)	107,105	207,505	(8,595,136)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In	-	-	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	
Transfers Out	(3,000,000)				(3,000,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,000,000)	-	3,000,000			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,654,853)	(10,254,893)	3,107,105	207,505	(8,595,136)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	16,581,608	21,656,413	5,343,369	6,870,900	50,452,290	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 14,926,755	\$ 11,401,520	\$ 8,450,474	\$ 7,078,405	\$ 41,857,154	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total change in fund balances, governmental funds:

\$ (8,595,136)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay 13,301,531

Depreciation expense (2,346,052)

Net

Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period was:

Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:

Pensions: In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:

1,225,000

10,955,479

(120,652)

(73,777)

(2,036,750)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

(756,617)

Amortization of debt issue premium or discount or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount, plus any deferred gain or loss from debt refunding, is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of debt issue premium or discount, or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding for the period is:

22,830

Change in net position of governmental activities:

\$ 620,377

Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

		Agency Fund Student Body Fund		
	Stu			
Assets		_		
Cash on Hand and in Banks	\$	308,921		
Total Assets		308,921		
Liabilities				
Due to Student Groups	\$	308,921		
Total Liabilities		308,921		
Net Position				
Total Net Position	\$			

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Central Union High School District (District) accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

1. Reporting Entity

The District operates under a locally elected Board of Education form of government and provides educational services to grades 9-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, capital facilities funds, debt service funds, and student-related activities.

2. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no component units. Additionally, the District is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by GASB.

3. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from general revenues of the District.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

Major Governmental Funds

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code §15146*) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code §17462*) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code §41003*).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of general fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code §42840*). This fund may also be used to account for any other revenues specifically for capital projects that are not restricted to other capital projects funds. Other authorized resources that may be deposited into this fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code §17462*) and rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code§41003*).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

The District reports the following non-major governmental funds categorized by the fund type:

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

Adult Education Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues that are restricted or committed for adult education programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code §38091 through §38093*). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code §38091 and §38100*).

Capital Projects Funds: Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). The District maintains the following nonmajor capital projects fund:

Capital Facilities Fund: The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (Education Code §17620 through §17626). The authority for these levies may be county or city ordinances (Government Code §65970 through §65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. All funds, including interest earned, are restricted to the purposes specified in Government Code §65970 through §65981 or Government Code §65995, or items specified in agreements with the developer (Government Code §66006).

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code §17070.43* to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), the 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D) or the 2016 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 51). The fund is used primarily to account for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants as provided in the Leroy F. Green School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code §17070.10 et seq.*).

Debt Service Funds: Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt. The District maintains the following nonmajor debt service funds:

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: The bond interest and redemption fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code §15125 through §15262*). The County of Imperial Auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the County Treasurer from taxes levied by the County Auditor-Controller.

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds: Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held. The District maintains the following agency fund:

Student Body Fund: The student body fund is an agency fund, and therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code §48930 through §48938*).

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

4. <u>Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus</u>

Government-Wide and Fiduciary Financial Statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. The governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

5. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid or at year end, whichever is sooner.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

6. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1st. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board has satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board and district superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration was used as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts.

7. Revenues and Expenses

a. Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as to not distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, property taxes, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions are transactions in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, including property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

b. <u>Expenses/Expenditures</u>

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

8. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

a. Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). All cash held by the financial institutions is fully insured or collateralized. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

In accordance with Education Code §41001, the District maintains substantially all its cash in the Imperial County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds, except for the Tax Override Funds, in which interest earned is credited to the general fund. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code §53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with Imperial County Treasury was not available.

b. Stores Inventories and Prepaid Expenditures

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Inventories are valued using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Reported inventories are equally offset by a non-spendable fund balance designation, which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditures during the benefiting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Life
Buildings & Improvements	20 - 50 Years
Land Improvements	10 - 25 Years
Equipment	5 - 15 Years

d. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the District. The balance of the liabilities is recognized in the government-wide financial statements at year end.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

e. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers in and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

g. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact (such as revolving cash accounts or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance represents amounts that are subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's governing board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget or resolution. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the governing board or by an official or body to which the governing board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

h. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The District has adopted a policy to maintain a minimum economic uncertainty reserve of at least 3% of the total general fund expenditures and other financing uses. The reserve may be increased from time to time in order to address specific anticipated revenue or cash flow shortfalls. The primary purpose of this reserve is to avoid the need for service level reductions in the event of economic downturn. The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. Because amounts in the nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned categories are subject to varying constraints in use, the Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consists of balances that are otherwise unassigned.

i. GASB 54 Fund Presentation

GASB Statement No. 54 defines a special revenue fund as a fund that has a special revenue source that is either restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. The Deferred Maintenance Fund (Fund 14), the Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay (Fund 17), and the Special Reserve Fund for Other Postemployment Benefits (Fund 20) do not have continuing revenue sources that are either restricted or committed in nature. As such these funds do not meet the definition of special revenue funds under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54. These funds have been combined with the general fund for reporting purposes.

j. <u>Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement numbers 63 and 65.

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources relating to pension, deferred inflows of resources relating to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalPERS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (CalPERS Plan) and CalSTRS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan (CalSTRS Plan), and additions to/deductions from the CalPERS Plan and CalSTRS Plan fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office and CalSTRS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain timeframes. For this report, the following time frames are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2018 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

10. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

11. Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

13. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy is detailed as follows:

Level 1 Inputs: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

that a government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for

an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs to an asset or liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

14. New Accounting Pronouncements

The District has adopted accounting policies compliant with new pronouncements issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Those newly implemented pronouncements are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 95 – Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance

The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018 and later.

The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting)
- Implementation Guide No. 2018-1, Implementation Guidance Update 2018
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, Implementation Guidance Update 2019
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities

The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months:

- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases

There have been no adjustments to the financial statements or note disclosures as a result of adoption of the accounting policies.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

ViolationAction TakenNone ReportedNot Applicable

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

The following funds are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

	Deficit	
Fund Name	Amount	Remarks
None	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

C. Fair Value Measurements

The District's investments at June 30, 2020, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

		Fair Value Measurement Using					
		Significant					
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets		Other Observable		Sig	gnificant
						Unobservable	
		for Identical		Inputs		Inputs	
	 Amount	Assets (Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)	
External investment pools measured at fair value	 					·	_
Imperial County Treasury	\$ 39,022,473	\$		\$	39,022,473	\$	
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 39,022,473	\$	-	\$	39,022,473	\$	-

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code §41001). The fair value of the District's investments in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements as amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

The Imperial County Treasury is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company; however, the County Treasury acts in accordance with investment policies monitored by a Treasury Oversight Committee consisting of members appointed by participants in the investment pool and up to five members of the public having expertise, or an academic background in, public finance. In addition, the County Treasury is audited annually by an independent auditor.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

D. Cash and Investments

1. Cash in County Treasury

In accordance with Education Code §41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Imperial County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$39,022,473 as of June 30, 2020). The fair value of the District's portion of this pool as of that date, as provided by the pool sponsor, was \$39,022,473. Assumptions made in determining the fair value of the pooled investment portfolios are available from the County Treasurer.

2. Cash on Hand, In Banks, and in Revolving Fund

Cash balances on hand and in banks (\$308,921 as of June 30, 2020) and in revolving fund (\$75,000 as of June 30, 2020) are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

3. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 Years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 Days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 Year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 Days	20% of Base	None
Medium-Term Corporate notes	5 Years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 Years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

4. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The county treasury is restricted by Government Code §53635 pursuant to §53601 to invest only in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of risk.

At June 30, 2020, credit risk for the District's investments was as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency	Amount
County Treasurer's Investment Pool	Unrated	Not Applicable	\$ 39,022,473

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At June 30, 2020, the District's bank balances exceeded FDIC limitations by \$133,921 and as such were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the total investments are either an external investment pool and are therefore exempt. As such, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District maintains pooled investments with the Imperial County Treasury with a fair value of \$39,022,473. The average weighted maturity for this pool was 714 days at June 30, 2020.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

5. Investment Accounting Policy

The District is required by GASB Statement No. 31 to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

The District's investments in external investment pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is a 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

E. Accounts Receivable

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end. Accounts receivable balances as of June 30, 2020 consisted of:

		Ma	Major Governmental Funds						
		General	I	Building		al Reserve for Capital	Nonmajor Governmental		
		Fund		Fund	Outla	y Projects	Funds		Total
Federal Government:	<u> </u>				,		 		
Migrant Education	\$	154,128	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	154,128
Special Education		638,388		-		-	-		638,388
Title I		470,807		-		-	-		470,807
Adult Education		-		-		-	84,236		84,236
National School Lunch		-		-		-	267,867		267,867
Other Federal Programs		206,458		-		-	-		206,458
State Government:									
LCFF State Aid		6,481,314		-		-	-		6,481,314
Lottery		99,334		-		-	-		99,334
Special Education		109,416		-		-	-		109,416
Adult Education		-		-		-	173,652		173,652
National School Lunch		-		-		-	23,017		23,017
Other State Programs		59,170		-		-	-		59,170
Local Sources									
Interest		-		38,262		19,850	23,718		81,830
Other Local Sources		8,465		-			 27,035		35,500
Total Accounts Receivable	\$	8,227,480	\$	38,262	\$	19,850	\$ 599,525	\$	8,885,117

F. Interfund Balances & Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and from other funds at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable		
(Due From Other Funds)	(Due To Other Funds)	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 116,495	Expense reimbursement

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount	Purpose
Special Reserve Fund	General Fund	\$ 3,000,000	Reserve for capital projects

Central Union High School DistrictNotes to the Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2020

G. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental activities:	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 8,188,554	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,188,554
Work in progress	12,102,387	10,562,414	7,688,502	14,976,299
Total capital assets not being depreciated	20,290,941	10,562,414	7,688,502	23,164,853
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	8,829,425	-	-	8,829,425
Buildings and improvements	78,699,296	10,054,554	-	88,753,850
Equipment	12,555,324	373,065		12,928,389
Total capital assets being depreciated	100,084,045	10,427,619		110,511,664
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(6,354,367)	(194,438)	-	(6,548,805)
Buildings and improvements	(34,257,643)	(1,537,239)	-	(35,794,882)
Equipment	(6,131,695)	(614,375)	-	(6,746,070)
Total accumulated depreciation	(46,743,705)	(2,346,052)		(49,089,757)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	53,340,340	8,081,567		61,421,907
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 73,631,281	\$ 18,643,981	\$ 7,688,502	\$ 84,586,760

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,111,447
Pupil Services	140,763
General Administration	11,730
Plant Services	82,112
Totals	\$ 2,346,052

Central Union High School DistrictNotes to the Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2020

H. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable balances as of June 30, 2020 consisted of:

	Major Governmental Funds									
		General Fund		Building Fund	Fund	al Reserve for Capital y Projects	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Vendors Payable	\$	801,692	\$	1,431,056	\$	3,453	\$	36,836	\$	2,273,037
Payroll and Benefits		1,454,662		-		-		40,886		1,495,548
EPA State Aid Repayment		1,924,100				_				1,924,100
Total Accounts Payable	\$	4,180,454	\$	1,431,056	\$	3,453	\$	77,722	\$	5,692,685

I. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue balances as of June 30, 2020 consisted of:

	General Fund		Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Total	
Federal Programs						
Title III	\$	11,908	\$	-	\$	11,908
Child Nutrition Programs		-		23,855		23,855
State Programs						
Career Tech Initiative Grant		130,012		-		130,012
K-12 Strong Workforce Grant		335,923		-		335,923
Other State Programs		931		-		931
Local Sources						
Other Local Grants		11,156				11,156
Total Unearned Revenue	\$	489,930	\$	23,855	\$	513,785

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

J. Short Term Debt Activity

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as other financing sources. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District did not enter into any short-term debt agreements.

K. Fund Balance Classifications of the Governmental Funds

Ending fund balance classifications of the governmental funds for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of:

	N	Major Governmental Funds			
	General Fund	Building Fund			Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable Fund Balance					
Revolving Cash	\$ 75,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 75,000
Stores Inventory	-	-	-	41,436	41,436
Prepaid Expenditures	39,598	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		39,598
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	114,598		-	41,436	156,034
Restricted Fund Balance					
Capital Projects	-	11,401,520	-	1,684,127	13,085,647
Debt Service	-	-	-	3,930,658	3,930,658
Educational Programs	527,741	-	-	659,348	1,187,089
Child Nutrition Program	-	-	-	665,097	665,097
Other Purposes	1,248,661				1,248,661
Total Restricted Fund Balance	1,776,402	11,401,520		6,939,230	20,117,152
Assigned Fund Balance					
Deferred Maintenance	785,857	-	-	-	785,857
Other Postemployment Benefits	2,727,435	-	-	-	2,727,435
Capital Projects	-	-	8,450,474	-	8,450,474
Other Purposes	6,630			97,739	104,369
Total Assigned Fund Balance	3,519,922		8,450,474	97,739	12,068,135
Unassigned Fund Balance					
For Economic Uncertanties	9,515,833		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	9,515,833
Total Unassigned Fund Balance	9,515,833				9,515,833
Total Fund Balance	\$ 14,926,755	\$ 11,401,520	\$ 8,450,474	\$ 7,078,405	\$ 41,857,154

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

L. Long Term Obligations

1. <u>Long-Term Obligation Activity</u>

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 34,032,061	\$ -	\$ 1,298,883	\$ 32,733,178	\$ 1,413,577
Total OPEB Liability	9,979,910	1,686,048	-	11,665,958	-
Net Pension Liability	52,495,534	2,457,010	-	54,952,544	-
Compensated Absences*	214,864	73,777	-	288,641	288,641
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 96,722,369	\$ 4,216,835	\$ 1,298,883	\$ 99,640,321	\$ 1,702,218

^{*}Other long-term liabilities

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made from the bond interest and redemption fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are made from the general fund, the adult education fund, and the cafeteria fund.
- Payments for pension contributions are made from the general fund, the adult education fund, and the cafeteria fund.
- Payments for OPEB contributions are made from the general fund, the adult education fund, and the cafeteria fund.

2. General Obligation Bonds

The District's bonded debt consists of various issues of general obligation bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds pay primarily for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes.

On June 7, 2016 registered voters authorized the issuance of \$30,000,000 principal amount of general obligation bonds. Of the total amount originally authorized, no amounts remain unissued.

General obligation bonds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Date of Issue	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue
2011 Refunding Bonds	11/17/11	2.00 - 4.00%	08/01/24	\$ 9,165,000
2016 Refunding Bonds	11/17/16	2.00 - 4.00%	08/01/26	2,480,000
2016 Election, Series A	11/17/16	2.00 - 4.00%	08/01/26	12,000,000
2016 Election, Series B	04/18/19	1.375 - 5.00%	08/01/49	18,000,000
Total GO Bonds				\$ 41,645,000

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

	Beginning Balance	Inc	ereases	<u> </u>	Decreases	Ending Balance	_	ue Within One Year
2011 Refunding Bonds								
Principal	\$ 1,145,000	\$	-	\$	175,000	\$ 970,000	\$	175,000
Premium	41,407		-		6,329	35,078		6,329
2016 Refunding Bonds								
Principal	1,690,000		-		405,000	1,285,000		425,000
Premium	101,721		-		24,377	77,344		25,581
2016 Election, Series A								
Principal	11,285,000		-		645,000	10,640,000		-
Premium	755,421		-		43,177	712,244		_
2016 Election, Series B								
Principal	18,000,000		-		-	18,000,000		740,000
Premium	1,013,512		_		-	1,013,512		41,667
Total	\$ 34,032,061	\$	-	\$	1,298,883	\$ 32,733,178	\$	1,413,577

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ended					
June 30,	 Principal	 Interest 7		Total	
2021	\$ 1,340,000	\$ 1,146,189		\$	2,486,189
2022	775,000	1,114,926			1,889,926
2023	280,000	1,093,026			1,373,026
2024	285,000	1,079,276			1,364,276
2025	445,000	1,067,976			1,512,976
2026-2030	1,635,000	5,196,205			6,831,205
2031-2035	2,950,000	4,865,180			7,815,180
2036-2040	4,860,000	4,138,485			8,998,485
2041-2045	7,350,000	3,100,843			10,450,843
2046-2050	 10,975,000	 1,187,087	_		12,162,087
Total	\$ 30,895,000	\$ 23,989,193		\$	54,884,193

Premium

Bond premium arises when the market rate of interest is higher than the stated interest rate on the bond. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the premium increase the face value of the bond and then amortize the premium over the life of the bond.

Effective interest on general obligation bonds issued at a premium are as follows:

		2011	2016		20	2016 Election		016 Election
	F	Refunding	R	Refunding		Series A		Series B
Total Interest Payments	\$	1,578,251	\$	279,286	\$	10,233,199	\$	16,300,364
Less Bond Premium		(331,433)		(149,271)		(803,285)		(1,013,512)
Net Interest Payments		1,246,818		130,015		9,429,914		15,286,852
PAR Amount of Bonds		9,165,000		2,480,000		12,000,000		18,000,000
Periods		14		10		30		30
Effective Interest Rate		0.97%		0.52%		2.62%		2.83%

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

3. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$288,641. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

4. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$52,495,534 and increased by \$2,457,010 during the year ended June 30, 2020 for an ending net pension liability of \$54,952,544. See Note M for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

5. Total OPEB Liability

The Districts beginning total OPEB liability was \$9,979,910 and increased during the year ended June 30, 2020 by \$1,686,048. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was \$11,665,958. See Note N for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

M. Pension Plans

1. General Information about the Pension Plans

a. Plan Descriptions

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. Support by the State for the CalSTRS plan is such that the plan has a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. CalSTRS and CalPERS issue publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on their respective websites.

b. Benefits Paid

CalSTRS and CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at 62 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire at age 60 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. All members are eligible for death benefits after one year of total service.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	CalSTRS		
	Before	After	
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013	
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62**	
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years	
Benefit Payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement Age	55-60	55-62	
Monthly Benefits as a % of Eligible Compensation	1.1 - 2.4%	1.0 - 2.4%*	
Required Employee Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2020)	10.250%	10.205%	
Required Employer Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2020)	17.100%	17.100%	
Requried State Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2020)	10.328%	10.328%	

^{*}Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base.

^{**}The rate imposed on CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is based on the normal cost of benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

	CalPERS		
	Before	After	
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013	
Benefit Formula	2% at 55	2% at 62**	
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years	
Benefit Payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement Age	50-62	52-67	
Monthly Benefits as a % of Eligible Compensation	1.1 - 2.5%	1.0 - 2.5%*	
Required Employee Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2020)	7.000%	7.000%	
Required Employer Contribution Rates (at June 30, 2020)	19.721%	19.721%	

c. Contributions

CalSTRS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (measurement date June 30, 2019), California Education Code §22950 requires members to contribute monthly to the system 10.205% (if hired on or after January 1, 2013) or 10.25% (if hired before January 1, 2013) of the creditable compensation upon which members' contributions under this part are based. In addition, the employer required rates established by the CalSTRS board have been established at 17.10% of creditable compensation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Rates are defined in Education Code §22950.5 through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Beginning in the fiscal year ending on June 30, 2022 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the CalSTRS Board has the authority to increase or decrease percentages paid specific to reflect the contribution required to eliminate by June 30, 2046, the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation with respect to service credited to members before July 1, 2014, as determined by the Board based upon a recommendation from its actuary.

CalPERS

California Public Employees' Retirement Law §20814(c) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The CalPERS Board retains the authority to amend contribution rates. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of the employees. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (measurement date June 30, 2019), the employee contribution rate was 7.00% and the employer contribution rate was 19.721% of covered payroll.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

On Behalf Payments

Consistent with California Education Code §22955.1, the State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employees working for the District. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (measurement date June 30, 2019) the State contributed 10.328% of salaries creditable to CalSTRS. Consistent with the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles, the District has recorded these contributions as revenue and expense in the fund financial statements (current financial resources measurement focus). The government-wide financial statements have recorded revenue and expense for pension expense paid on behalf of the District (economic resources measurement focus). Contributions reported for on behalf payments are based on the District's proportionate share of the States contribution for the fiscal year. Contributions made by the state on behalf of the District and the State's pension expense associated with District employees for the past three fiscal years are as follows:

CalSTRS								
	On Behalf		On Behalf		On Behalf			
Year Ended	Contribution		Contribution		Pension			
June 30,	Rate		Amount		Expense			
2018	8.292%	\$	1,800,121	\$	760,304			
2019	14.833%		3,389,042		(655,094)			
2020	10.328%		2,460,845		777,900			
CalPERS								
	On Behalf		On Behalf		On Behalf			
Year Ended	Contribution		Contribution		Pension			
June 30,	Rate		Amount		Expense			
2019	7.982%	\$	634,712	\$ _	-			

The contributions made by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 included amounts resulting from Senate Bill (SB) 90 settlement in which the State contributed an additional \$2.2 Billion to CalSTRS and \$904 Million to CalPERS during the 2018-19 fiscal year in order to reduce employer contribution rates in 2019-20 and 2020-21. In addition, the State contributed an additional \$1.1 Billion to CalSTRS during the 2019-20 fiscal year as a continuing settlement associated with SB90. As a result, on behalf contributions for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020 are not comparable to the year June 30, 2018 as presented.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

d. Contributions Recognized

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (measurement period June 30, 2019), the contributions recognized for each plan were:

	(Current Financial Resources Measured CalSTRS CalPERS 4,074,404 \$ 1,600,123 \$ 2,460,845 6,535,249 \$ 1,600,123 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$				rement Focus)		
		CalSTRS		CalPERS		Total		
Contributions - Employer	\$	4,074,404	\$	1,600,123	\$	5,674,527		
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments		2,460,845		-	_	2,460,845		
Total Contributions	\$	6,535,249	\$	1,600,123	\$	8,135,372		
		Governm	ent_	Wide Financia	1 Sta	tements		
	_	(Economic	Res	sources Measu	rem	ent Focus)		
		CalSTRS		CalPERS	_	Total		
Contributions - Employer	\$	3,132,500	\$	1,159,378	\$	4,291,878		
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments		2,460,845	_	-		2,460,845		
Total Contributions	Φ_	5,593,345	Φ_	1,159,378	\$	6,752,723		

2. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2019 (measurement date) the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of each plan as follows:

	Proportionate			
	Share of the			
	Net Pension			
	Liability			
CalSTRS	\$ 38,392,198			
CalPERS	16,560,346			
Total	\$ 54,952,544			

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the total net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to measurement date June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, as actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020 were as follows:

		CalPERS		
	District's	State's	Total For	District's
	Proportionate	Proportionate	District	Proportionate
	Share	Share*	Employees	Share
Proportion June 30, 2019	0.0409%	0.0232%	0.0641%	0.0560%
Proportion June 30, 2020	0.0425%	0.0242%	0.0667%	0.0568%
Change in Proportion	0.0016%	0.0010%	0.0026%	0.0008%

^{*}Represents State's Proportionate Share on behalf of District employees.

a. Pension Expense

	_	CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Change in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	824,294 \$	1,632,716 \$	2,457,010
State On Behalf Pension Expense		777,900	-	777,900
Employer Contributions to Pension Expense		4,074,404	1,600,123	5,674,527
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources		550,041	215,748	765,789
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	(1,241,873)	55,824	(1,186,049)
Total Pension Expense	\$	4,984,766 \$	3,504,411 \$	8,489,177

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

b. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2020, The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					
		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	4,074,404 \$	1,600,123 \$	5,674,527		
Differences between actual and expected experience		76,935	1,416,415	1,493,350		
Changes in assumptions		3,211,751	1,164,191	4,375,942		
Changes in employer's proportionate share	_	1,591,130	602,189	2,193,319		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	8,954,220 \$	4,782,918 \$	13,737,138		
	Deferred Inflows of Resources					
		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total		
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	(700,450) \$	- \$	(700,450)		
Changes in employer's proportionate share		(410,837)	-	(410,837)		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	_	(2,361,909)	(160,537)	(2,522,446)		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	(3,473,196) \$	(160,537) \$	(3,633,733)		

Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a portion of pension expense in the year ended June 30, 2020. The remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as an increase or decrease to pension expense over a five-year period. Pension expense resulting from deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
Year Ended	of Resources		of Resources		Net Effect
June 30,	CalSTRS	CalPERS	CalSTRS	CalPERS	on Expenses
2021 \$	6,129,896 \$	2,881,545 \$	(1,610,446) \$	131,422 \$	7,532,417
2022	2,055,491	1,164,081	(1,300,486)	(290,909)	1,628,177
2023	449,617	533,748	(370,909)	(44,579)	567,877
2024	319,216	203,544	(51,641)	43,529	514,648
2025	-	-	(139,716)	-	(139,716)
Thereafter		<u> </u>	2		2
Total \$	8,954,220 \$	4,782,918 \$	(3,473,196) \$	(160,537) \$	10,103,405

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

c. Actuarial Assumptions

Total pension liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were based on actuarial valuations determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS
Fiscal Year	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2019
Valuation Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.10%	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%	2.50%
Wage Growth	3.50%	(3)
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%	7.15%
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	(1)	(4)
Mortality	(2)	(5)

- (1) CalSTRS post retirement benefit increases assumed at 2% simple for DB (annually) maintaining 85% purchasing power level for DB. Increases are not applicable for DBS/CBB.
- (2) CalSTRS projects mortality by setting the projection scale equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) tables issued by the Society of Actuaries.
- (3) Wage growth is a component of inflation for CalPERS assumptions.
- (4) CalPERS post retirement benefit increases assumes 2.00% until PPPA floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter.
- (5) CalPERS mortality table was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvement using the Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP-2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

d. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10% for CalSTRS and 7.15% for CalPERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed the contributions from the plan members, employers, and state contributing agencies (where applicable) will be made at statutory contribution rates. To determine whether the District bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalSTRS and CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current discount rates are adequate, and the use of the Discount bond rate calculations is not necessary for either plan. The stress test results are presented in detailed reports that can be obtained from CalPERS and CalSTRS respective websites.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.50% to 7.65% at measurement date June 30, 2015 (Fiscal year June 30, 2016) to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expenses. Subsequently CalPERS discount rate was decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% at measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from actuarially determined amounts.

The CalSTRS discount rate was adjusted from 7.60% to 7.10% for measurement date June 30, 2017 (Fiscal year June 30, 2018) to adjust for changes resulting from a new actuarial experience study.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The investment return assumption used in the accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. CalSTRS and CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalSTRS and CalPERS are scheduled to review actuarial assumptions as part of their regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle. The last ALM completed by CalSTRS was conducted in 2015. CalSTRS is in process of completing the next ALM with an initial expected completion date of November 2019. CalPERS completed their ALM in 2018 with new policies in effect on July 1, 2018. Both CalSTRS and CalPERS conduct new ALM's every 4 years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalSTRS and CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest quarter of one percent.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

The tables below reflect the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS

	Assumed	Long-Term
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47.00%	4.80%
Fixed Income	12.00%	1.30%
Real Estate	13.00%	3.60%
Private Equity	13.00%	6.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9.00%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	4.00%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2.00%	-0.40%
*20 year average		

CalPERS

	Assumed	Real Return	Real Return
	Asset	Years	Years
Asset Class*	Allocation	1-10**	11+***
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%

^{*}In the basic financial statements, fixed income is included in global debt securities; liquidity is included in short term investments; inflation assets are included in both global equity securities and global debt securities.

^{**}An expected inflation of 2.00% is used for this period.

^{***}An expected inflation of 2.92% is used for this period.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

e. Sensitivity to Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	_	CalSTRS	CalPERS
1% Decrease		6.10%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	57,229,794 \$	21,733,916
Current Discount Rate		7.10%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	38,392,198 \$	16,560,346
1% Increase		8.10%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	24,009,797 \$	9,280,842

Central Union High School DistrictNotes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

3. Total Pension Liability, Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position and Net Pension Liability

CalSTRS

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total	Plan	Net	State's Share	District's Share
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension	of Net Pension	of Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	Liability	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(c)	(a) - (b) - (c)
Balance at June 30, 2019					
(Previously Reported) \$	203,896,973 \$	144,740,117 \$	59,156,856 \$	21,588,952 \$	37,567,904
Changes for the year:					
CalSTRS Auditor Adjustmen	t -	(1,213)	1,213	439	774
Change in prop. share	8,210,871	5,828,642	2,382,229	882,307	1,499,922
Service cost	4,702,793	-	4,702,793	1,703,853	2,998,940
Interest	14,970,278	-	14,970,278	5,423,832	9,546,446
Difference between					
expected and actual					
experience	(1,231,192)	-	(1,231,192)	(446,069)	(785,123)
Change in benefits	21,331	-	21,331	7,728	13,603
Contributions:					
Employer	-	3,762,548	(3,762,548)	(1,363,196)	(2,399,352)
Employee	-	2,431,720	(2,431,720)	(881,028)	(1,550,692)
State On Behalf	-	3,556,165	(3,556,165)	(1,288,422)	(2,267,743)
Net investment income	-	9,930,746	(9,930,746)	(3,597,976)	(6,332,770)
Other income	-	85,059	(85,059)	(30,817)	(54,242)
Benefit payments, including					
refunds of employee					
contributions	(10,196,147)	(10,196,147)	-	-	-
Administrative expenses	-	(169,283)	169,283	61,332	107,951
Borrowing costs	-	(70,196)	70,196	25,432	44,764
Other expenses		(2,849)	2,849	1,033	1,816
Net changes	16,477,934	15,155,192	1,322,742	498,448	824,294
Balance at June 30, 2020 \$	220,374,907 \$	159,895,309 \$	60,479,598 \$	22,087,400 \$	38,392,198

Central Union High School DistrictNotes to the Financial Statements, Continued

June 30, 2020

CalPERS

	Inc	crease (Decrease)	
	Total	Plan	Net
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2019			
(Previously Reported) \$	51,204,394 \$	36,276,764 \$	14,927,630
Changes for the year:			
Change in prop. share	764,600	541,696	222,904
Service cost	1,265,311	-	1,265,311
Interest	3,729,535	-	3,729,535
Difference between			
expected and actual			
experience	794,824	-	794,824
Change in assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions:			
Employer	-	1,436,304	(1,436,304)
Employee	-	576,215	(576,215)
Plan to plan res. movement	-	173	(173)
Net investment income	-	2,393,309	(2,393,309)
Benefit payments, including			
refunds of employee			
contributions	(2,470,294)	(2,470,294)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(26,229)	26,229
Other expenses	<u> </u>	86	(86)
Net changes	4,083,976	2,451,260	1,632,716
Balance at June 30, 2020 \$	55,288,370 \$	38,728,024 \$	16,560,346

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS and CalPERS financial reports available on their respective websites.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

N. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

1. Plan Description

Plan Administration. The Central Union High School District (District) administers a single-employer healthcare plan (Plan). The District maintains the same plan for its retirees as for its active employees with the general exception that benefits end when the retiree attains age 65.

Benefits Provided. Certificated unit members may retire with District-paid benefits at age 55 with at least 15 years of service with the District. Benefits continue until the retiree reaches age 65. The District's contribution towards medical, dental, vision, and life premiums is limited to a monthly cap of \$916.93 per retiree for 2019-20.

Classified unit members hired prior to July 1, 2005 may retire with District-paid benefits at age 55 with at least 10 years of service with the District. Classified employees hired on or after July 1, 2005 but before July 1, 2008 may retire with District-paid benefits at age 55 with at least 15 years of service with the District. Classified employees hired on or after July 1, 2008 may retire with District-paid benefits at age 55 with at least 20 years of service. Benefits continue until the retiree reaches age 65. The District's contribution towards medical, dental, and vision premiums is limited to a monthly cap of \$825.00 per retiree for 2019-20.

Health benefits for Management retirees are subject to Board approval and have been assumed to follow the Certificated guidelines described above, except that Management retirees do not receive District-paid life insurance.

Retired Board members do not receive District contributions towards medical, dental, vision or life premiums. They are eligible to self-pay for these benefits upon attaining age 55 and 15 years of service on the Board.

2. Contributions

The contribution requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and amended by the District and the Teachers Association (CEA) and the local California Service Employee Association (CSEA). The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

3. Plan Membership

Membership of the plan consisted of the following as of June 30, 2020:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	15
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	358
	373

4. Total OPEB Liability

The Central Union High School District's total OPEB liability of \$11,665,958 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. Standard actuarial update procedures were used to project/discount from valuation to measurement dates.

5. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method Recognition of deferred inflows	Entry Age, Level Percent of Pay
and outflows of resources	Closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees provided with OPEB
Salary Increases	3.00%
Inflation Rate	3.00%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	6.00% for 2019; 5.90% for 2020; 5.80% for 2021; and decreasing 0.10% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00% for 2029 and later years.
Preretirement Mortality	Certificated: Mortality Rates for active employees from CalSTRS Experience Analysis (2015-2018). Classified: Preretirement Mortality Rates from CalPERS Experience Study (1997-2015).
Postretirement Mortality	Certificated: Mortality Rates for retired members and beneficiaries from CalSTRS Experience Analysis (2015-2018). Classified: Post-retirement Mortality Rates for Healthy Recipients from CalPERS Experience Study (1997-2015).

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

Discount Rate. GASB 75 requires a discount rate that reflects the following:

- a) The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments to the extent that the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position (if any) is projected to be enough to make projected benefit payments and assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return.
- b) A yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher to the extent that the conditions in (a) are not met.

To determine a resulting single (blended) rate, the amount of the plan's projected fiduciary net position (if any) and the amount of projected benefit payments is compared in each period of projected benefit payments. The discount rate used to measure the District's total OPEB liability is based on these requirements and the following information:

		Long-Term		
		Expected	Fidelity GO	
		Return of Plan	AA 20 Years	
	Measurement	Investments	Municipal	
Reporting Date	Date	(if any)	Index	Discount Rate
Reporting Date	Date	(if any)	Index	Discount Rate
Reporting Date 6/30/2019	Date 6/30/2018	(if any) 4.00%	3.62%	Discount Rate 3.62%

6. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	T	otal OPEB Liability
Palance at June 20, 2010	\$	9,979,910
Balance at June 30, 2019 Changes for the year:	<u> </u>	9,979,910
Changes for the year.		
Service cost		618,288
Interest		377,652
Changes of assumptions		1,089,009
Difference between expected and actual experience		(64,289)
Benefit payments		(334,612)
Net change		1,686,048
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	11,665,958

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

7. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Plan, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Valuation	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.13%)	(3.13%)	(4.13%)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 12,639,896	\$ 11,665,958	\$ 10,755,383

8. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Plan, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare Cost				
	1% Decrease	Trends Rate	1% Increase			
	5.00%	6.00%	7.00%			
	Decreasing to	Decreasing to	Decreasing to			
	3.00%	4.00%	6.00%			
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 10,394,517	\$ 11,665,958	\$ 13,143,631			

9. OPEB Expense

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,056,268.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

10. <u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for the following:

	Ι	Deferred	Γ	Deferred
	Οι	utflows of	In	flows of
	R	esources	R	esources
Changes of assumptions	\$	976,740	\$	303,600
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		57,661
Contibutions made subsequent to measurement date		179,241		
		_		_
Total	\$	1,155,981	\$	361,261

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will impact OPEB expense under the following amortization schedule:

	Deferred		I	Deferred												
Year Ended	O	Outflows of		Outflows of		Outflows of		Outflows of		Outflows of		Outflows of		nflows of	Net Effect on	
June 30,	R	Resources		Resources		Resources		esources	OPE	B Expense						
2021	\$	291,510	\$	(51,941)	\$	239,569										
2022		112,269		(51,941)		60,328										
2023	112,269			(51,941)		60,328										
2024	112,269		112,269			(51,941)		60,328								
2025		112,269		(51,941)		60,328										
Thereafter		415,395		(101,556)		313,839										
Total	\$	1,155,981	\$	(361,261)	\$	794,720										

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

O. Risk Management

The District is exposed to risk of losses due to:

- Torts.
- Theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets,
- Business interruption,
- Errors or omissions,
- Job related illness or injuries to employees,
- Natural disasters,
- Other risks associated with public entity risk pools

Risk management is the process of managing the District's activities to minimize the adverse effects of these risks. The main element of risk management are risk control (to minimize the losses that strike an organization) and risk financing (to obtain finances to provide for or restore the economic damages of those losses). Risk financing techniques include risk retention, risk transfer to and from an insurer, and risk transfer to a non-insurer.

The District has implemented the risk financing technique of risk transfer to an insurer. The District has purchased property & liability insurance as well as workers compensation insurance to cover any losses resulting from the risks identified above.

There have been no significant changes in property and liability or workers compensation coverage during the current fiscal year.

P. Participation in Joint Powers Authorities

The District is a member of the Imperial Valley Regional Occupation Program (IVROP) the Imperial County School Property/Liability Insurance (ICSPLI), and the Self Insurance Program for Imperial County (SIPIC) for the operation of a common risk management and insurance program for property and liability coverage and workers compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

Q. Commitments and Contingencies

1. State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

2. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District as of June 30, 2020.

3. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had the following construction commitments:

			Expected Date of
	C	ommitment	Completion*
Construction in Process:		_	
STEM Building	\$	19,225,763	June 2021

^{*}Expected date of completion subject to change.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

R. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, refunding losses are recorded as deferred outflows of resources and amortized over the life of the bonds.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 & 71, payments made subsequent to the pension plan measurement date and other items as outlined in the GASB pronouncement have been recorded as deferred outflows of resources.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, the District has recorded deferred outflows of resources for OPEB related items as prescribed by the statement.

A summary of the deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Beginning							
Description	Balance		Increases		Decreases]	Balance
2011 Refunding Loss	\$	157,787	\$	-	\$	26,298	\$	131,489
2016 Refunding Loss		198,039		-		24,755		173,284
OPEB Related		223,202		1,155,981		223,202		1,155,981
Pension Related								
CalSTRS		9,504,261		5,574,326		6,124,367		8,954,220
CalPERS		4,998,666		2,617,851		2,833,599		4,782,918
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	15,081,955	\$	9,348,158	\$	9,232,221	\$	15,197,892

Future amortization of deferred outflows of resources is as follows:

Year Ending	R	Refunding		OPEB		Pension				
June 30,		Losses		Related		Related				Total
2021	\$	51,053	\$	291,510		\$	9,011,441		\$	9,354,004
2022		51,053		112,269			3,219,572			3,382,894
2023		51,053		112,269			983,365			1,146,687
2024		51,053		112,269			522,760			686,082
2025		51,053		112,269			-			163,322
Thereafter		49,508		415,395			-	_		464,903
Total	\$	304,773	\$	1,155,981		\$	13,737,138		\$	15,197,892

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

S. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 & 71, items as outlined in the GASB pronouncement have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, the District has recorded deferred inflows of resources for OPEB related items as prescribed by the statement.

A summary of the deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Ending							
Description	Balance		Increases		Decreases			Balance
Pension Related								
CalSTRS	\$	4,715,069	\$	344,740	\$	1,586,613	\$	3,473,196
CalPERS		104,713		(217,653)		(273,477)		160,537
OPEB Related		348,913		57,661		45,313		361,261
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	5,168,695	\$	184,748	\$	1,358,449	\$	3,994,994

Future amortization of deferred inflows is as follows:

Year Ending	Pension	OPEB	
June 30,	Related	Related	Total
2021	\$ 1,479,024	\$ 51,941	\$ 1,530,965
2022	1,591,395	51,941	1,643,336
2023	415,488	51,941	467,429
2024	8,112	51,941	60,053
2025	139,716	51,941	191,657
Thereafter	(2)	101,556	101,554
Total	\$ 3,633,733	\$ 361,261	\$ 3,994,994

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

T. Upcoming Accounting Guidance

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issues pronouncements and additional guidance for governmental agencies to establish consistent accounting across all governments in the United States. The following table represents items that have been issued by GASB that will become effective in future periods:

Description	Date Issued	Fiscal Year Effective
GASB Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities	01/2017	2020-21
GASB Statement 87, Leases	06/2017	2021-22
GASB Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period	06/2018	2021-22
GASB Statement 90, Majority Equity Interest – an amendment of GASB Statements 14 and 61	08/2018	2020-21
GASB Statement 91, Conduit Debt Obligations	05/2019	2022-23
GASB Statement 92, Omnibus 2020	01/2020	2021-22
GASB Statement 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates	03/2020	2020-21
GASB Statement 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements	03/2020	2022-23
GASB Statement 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements	05/2020	2022-23
GASB Statement 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements 14, 84 and supersession of GASB Statement 32	06/2020	2021-22
GASB Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, Implementation Guidance Update – 2019	04/2019	2020-21
GASB Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities	06/2019	2020-21
GASB Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases	08/2019	2021-22
GASB Implementation Guide No. 2020-1, Implementation Guidance Update – 2020	04/2020	2021-22

The effects of the upcoming guidance and pronouncements on the District's financial statements has not yet been determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued June 30, 2020

U. COVID-19 Considerations

In March 2020 the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of the novel coronavirus COVID-19 a global pandemic. The nature of the pandemic resulted in a mandatory school property closure affecting the Central Union High School District from March 16, 2020 and continuing into the Fall of 2020-21 school year. California Governor Gavin Newsom issued a state-wide executive order mandating that schools remain closed until the county in which the school is located is off the COVID-19 watch list for fourteen consecutive days. The 2020-21 fiscal year opened in a fully distance learning model, until such time as campuses can be re-opened. At this point in time the Central Union High School District campuses remain closed until Imperial County meets the benchmark requirements.

In addition to school closures, new regulations and safety measures were required to be put in place by all schools in California as part of a re-opening plan. The Central Union High School District has established a re-opening plan that they believe will provide a safe environment for the students and teachers.

The federal and state government have established temporary funding to assist in the additional costs that resulted from the COVID-19 pandemic. All California school districts are eligible for these funds. Additionally, for the 2019-20 fiscal year, the state placed all school districts in a hold harmless state shifting attendance reporting periods to a point prior to the pandemic to prevent sudden losses of attendance from impacting funding for the 2019-20 fiscal year. Finally, funding for the 2020-21 fiscal year is frozen at amounts provided in 2019-20 for all California school districts, with adjustments based on the Governor's budget. The District has established their 2020-21 budget with this in consideration.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance to
				Final Budget
				Positive
D.	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
LCFF Sources	Φ 25.542.625	Ф. 27.401.460	Φ 40.400.145	Ф. 2026.677
State Apportionment	\$ 37,743,625	\$ 37,481,468	\$ 40,408,145	\$ 2,926,677
Education Protection Account	6,929,419	7,468,619	3,949,735	(3,518,884)
Property Taxes	4,117,692	4,248,574	4,885,283	636,709
Federal Revenue	3,179,021	3,606,755	2,770,027	(836,728)
Other State Revenue	4,306,220	5,297,917	4,548,028	(749,889)
Interest Income	130,000	90,000	152,447	62,447
Other Local Revenue	1,165,922	1,120,221	1,360,739	240,518
Total Revenues	57,571,899	59,313,554	58,074,404	(1,239,150)
Expenditures				
Current Expenditures:				
Certificated Salaries	24,493,024	24,220,661	24,564,496	(343,835)
Classified Salaries	7,811,459	8,008,503	8,136,414	(127,911)
Employee Benefits	12,893,040	14,299,725	13,651,755	647,970
Books and Supplies	4,214,950	4,769,609	2,668,437	2,101,172
Services and Other Operating	5,141,422	5,484,775	4,512,608	972,167
Payments to County Offices	679,305	694,093	723,729	(29,636)
Direct Support/Indirect Costs	(107,000)	(107,000)	(119,528)	12,528
Capital Outlay	2,129,530	2,155,366	1,659,320	496,046
Total Expenditures	57,255,730	59,525,732	55,797,231	3,728,501
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	316,169	(212,178)	2,277,173	2,489,351
Over Experientires	310,109	(212,176)	2,277,173	2,409,331
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers Out	(3,845,000)	(3,845,000)	(3,685,000)	160,000
Total Other Financing Sources	(3,845,000)	(3,845,000)	(3,685,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,528,831)	(4,057,178)	(1,407,827)	2,649,351
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	12,814,660	12,814,660	12,814,660	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 1,911,998	\$ 8,757,482	\$ 11,406,833	\$ 2,649,351

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS Last Ten Fiscal Years*

		Fiscal Year									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0425%	0.0409%	0.0402%	0.0405%	0.0428%	0.0398%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 38,392,198	\$ 37,567,904	\$ 37,150,240	\$ 32,739,719	\$ 28,808,217	\$ 23,251,826	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	21,812,599	21,447,094	21,723,610	19,294,211	15,589,525	13,314,247	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total	\$ 60,204,797	\$ 59,014,998	\$ 58,873,850	\$ 52,033,930	\$ 44,397,742	\$ 36,566,073	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
District's covered payroll**	22,848,182	21,708,247	21,239,610	20,111,296	19,774,261	17,631,091	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	168.03%	173.06%	174.91%	162.79%	145.69%	131.88%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.56%	70.99%	69.46%	70.04%	74.02%	76.52%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

^{*}This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

^{**}Covered payroll on this schedule is based on measurement date, as such covered payroll represented for each fiscal year is the covered payroll from the prior year as identified on the schedule of contributions.

Schedule of the District's Contributions - CalSTRS Last Ten Fiscal Years*

		Fiscal Year									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,074,404	\$ 3,719,684	\$ 3,132,500	\$ 2,671,943	\$ 2,157,942	\$ 1,755,954	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(4,074,404)	(3,719,684)	(3,132,500)	(2,671,943)	(2,157,942)	(1,755,954)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
District's covered payroll**	\$ 23,826,924	\$ 22,848,182	\$ 21,708,247	\$ 21,239,610	\$ 20,111,296	\$ 19,774,261	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.10%	16.28%	14.43%	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

^{*}This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

^{**}Covered payroll on this schedule is based on the fiscal year.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – CalPERS Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	Fiscal Year									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0568%	0.0560%	0.0545%	0.0528%	0.0503%	0.0520%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 16,560,346	\$ 14,927,630	\$ 13,003,665	\$ 10,428,614	\$ 7,407,769	\$ 5,903,710	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered payroll**	\$ 7,952,065	\$ 7,464,928	\$ 6,996,119	\$ 6,394,260	\$ 5,588,784	\$ 5,467,960	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	208.25%	199.97%	185.87%	163.09%	132.55%	107.97%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.05%	70.85%	71.87%	73.90%	79.43%	83.38%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*}This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

^{**}Covered payroll on this schedule is based on measurement date, as such covered payroll represented for each fiscal year is the covered payroll from the prior year as identified on the schedule of contributions.

Schedule of the District's Contributions - CalPERS Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	Fiscal Year									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,600,123	\$ 1,436,302	\$ 1,159,378	\$ 971,621	\$ 757,528	\$ 657,856	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,600,123)	(1,436,302)	(1,159,378)	(971,621)	(757,528)	(657,856)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered payroll**	\$ 8,113,803	\$ 7,952,065	\$ 7,464,928	\$ 6,996,119	\$ 6,394,260	\$ 5,588,784	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.721%	18.062%	15.531%	13.888%	11.847%	11.771%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*}This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

^{**}Covered payroll on this schedule is based on the fiscal year.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – CUHSD Retiree Health Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	Fiscal Year									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Total OPEB liability:										
Service cost	\$ 618,288	\$ 626,509	\$ 608,261	N/A						
Interest	377,652	300,933	282,814	N/A						
Differences between expected	-	-	-	N/A						
and actual experience	(64,289)	-	-	N/A						
Adjustments to balances	-	-	-	N/A						
Changes of assumptions	1,089,009	(394,226)	-	N/A						
Benefit payments	(334,612)	(332,992)	(291,706)	N/A						
Net change in total OPEB										
liability	1,686,048	200,224	599,369	N/A						
Total OPEB liability - beginning	9,979,910	9,779,686	9,180,317	N/A						
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 11,665,958	\$ 9,979,910	\$ 9,779,686	N/A						
Covered payroll	30,614,355	39,892,441	\$ 39,892,441	N/A						
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	38.11%	25.02%	24.52%	N/A						

^{*}This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Reconciliation

As described in Note A to these financial statements, for purposes of reporting in conformity with GASB Statement No. 54, the District's Deferred Maintenance Fund (Fund 14), Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay (Fund 17), and Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits (Fund 20) do not meet the definition of a special revenue fund and are therefore included with the General Fund for reporting purposes. The budgetary comparison schedule included in the Required Supplementary Information is based on the legally adopted budget for the General Fund only. Below represents a reconciliation between the schedules:

General Fund - Basic Financial Statements Ending Fund Balance	\$ 14,926,755
Less Fund 14 Fund Balance	(785,857)
Less Fund 17 Fund Balance	(6,630)
Less Fund 20 Fund Balance	(2,727,435)
General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule Ending Fund Balance	\$ 11,406,833
General Fund - Basic Financial Statements Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,654,853)
Less Fund 14 Net Change in Fund Balance	288,324
Less Fund 17 Net Change in Fund Balance	(100)
Less Fund 20 Net Change in Fund Balance	(41,198)
General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,407,827)

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

As of June 30, 2020, the District's expenditures which exceeded appropriations in the following categories:

Appropriations Category	_	Excess penditures	Reason for Excess Expenditures				
General Fund:							
Certificated Salaries	\$	343,835	The District did not budget for additional pay that became necessary due to the COVID-19 pandemic.				
Classified Salaries	\$	127,911	The District did not budget for additional pay that became necessary due to the COVID-19 pandemic.				
Payments to County Offices	\$	29,636	The District underestimated payments to county offices.				

Amounts in excess of appropriations were not considered a violation of any laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements and did not have a direct or material effect on the financial statements.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share - CalSTRS

- 1. Benefit Changes: There were no changes to benefits in 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020.
- 2. Changes in Assumptions: There were no changes to assumptions in 2015, 2016, 2017, 2019 and 2020. In 2018 there was a change in discount rate from 7.60% to 7.10%.

Schedule of District's Contributions - CalSTRS

The total pension liability for California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 and rolling forward the total pension liabilities to the June 30, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019 (measurement dates). In determining the total pension liability, the financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Reporting Period	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	06/30/14	06/30/15	06/30/16
Valuation Date	06/30/13	06/30/14	06/30/15
Experience Study	07/01/06 - 06/30/10	07/01/06 - 06/30/10	07/01/06 - 06/30/10
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.60%	7.60%	7.60%
Consumer Price Inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Wage Growth (Average)	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple
Reporting Period	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	06/30/17	06/30/18	06/30/19
Valuation Date	06/30/16	06/30/17	06/30/20
Experience Study	07/01/06 - 06/30/15	07/01/06 - 06/30/15	07/01/06 - 06/30/15
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%	7.10%	7.10%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Wage Growth (Average)	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple

CalSTRS changed the mortality assumptions based on the July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015 experience study adopted by the CalSTRS board in February 2017. CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among CalSTRS members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries. Additional information can be obtained by reviewing the CalSTRS Actuarial Experience Study on the CalSTRS website.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share – CalPERS

- 1. Benefit Changes: There were no changes to benefits in 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020.
- 2. Changes in Assumptions. There were no changes in assumptions in 2015, 2017, and 2020. In 2016 the discount rate was changed from 7.50% to 7.65%. In 2018 the discount rate was changed from 7.65% to 7.15%. In 2019, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS experience study and review of actuarial assumptions published December 2017. There were no changes to the discount rate in this period.

Schedule of District's Contributions - CalPERS

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017 and rolling forward the total pension liabilities to June 30, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 (measurement dates). The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 (measurement dates) used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Reporting Period	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017		
Measurement Date	06/30/14	06/30/15	06/30/16		
Valuation Date	06/30/13	06/30/14	06/30/15		
Experience Study	07/01/97 - 06/30/11	07/01/97 - 06/30/11	07/01/97 - 06/30/11		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal		
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.65%	7.65%		
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%		
Wage Growth (Average)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple		
Reporting Period	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020		
Measurement Date	06/30/17	06/30/18	06/30/19		
Valuation Date	06/30/16	06/30/17	06/30/18		
Experience Study	07/01/97 - 06/30/11	07/01/97 - 06/30/15	07/01/97 - 06/30/15		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal		
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%	7.50%	7.50%		
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%	2.50%	2.50%		
Wage Growth (Average)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple	2.00% Simple		

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on demographic data from 1997 to 2015) available on the CalPERS website.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

- 1. Benefit Changes: There were no benefit changes during the 2019-20 fiscal year
- 2. Changes in Assumptions: There was an adjustment in discount rate from 3.62% to 3.13% during the 2019-20 fiscal year.
- 3. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB No. 75 Paragraph 4.
- 4. The following are the discount rates used for each period:

Year	Discount Rate
2018	3.13%
2019	3.62%
2020	3.13%



Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Debt Service Fund Bond Interest & Redemption Fund		Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets							
Cash in County Treasury	\$	1,040,652	\$ 1,693,092	\$	3,921,772	\$	6,655,516
Accounts Receivable		585,111	5,531		8,883		599,525
Stores Inventories		41,436	 -		-		41,436
Total Assets	\$	1,667,199	\$ 1,698,623	\$	3,930,655	\$	7,296,477
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	\$	63,227 116,495	\$ 14,495 -	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$	77,722 116,495
Unearned Revenue		23,855	-		_		23,855
Total Liabilities		203,577	14,495		-		218,072
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable		41,436	-		-		41,436
Restricted		1,324,447	1,684,128		3,930,655		6,939,230
Assigned		97,739	- -		- -		97,739
Total Fund Balance		1,463,622	1,684,128		3,930,655		7,078,405
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,667,199	\$ 1,698,623	\$	3,930,655	\$	7,296,477

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2020

			Debt	
			Service	
			Fund	Total
	Special	Capital	Bond Interest	Nonmajor
	Revenue	Projects	& Redemption	Governmental
Revenues	Funds	Funds	Fund	Funds
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,983,077	\$ 1,983,077
Federal Revenue	1,801,751	-	-	1,801,751
Other State Revenue	979,297	-	-	979,297
Interest	14,548	24,771	46,774	86,093
Other Local Revenue	577,085	351,643		928,728
Total Revenues	3,372,681	376,414	2,029,851	5,778,946
Expenditures				
Current Expenditures:				
Instruction	475,457	-	-	475,457
Instruction - Related Services	448,853	-	-	448,853
Pupil Services	1,957,590	-	-	1,957,590
General Administration	119,528	81,036	-	200,564
Plant Services	73,685	-	-	73,685
Capital Outlay	-	110,706	-	110,706
Debt Service:				
Principal	-	-	1,225,000	1,225,000
Interest	<u> </u>		1,079,586	1,079,586
Total Expenditures	3,075,113	191,742	2,304,586	5,571,441
Net Change in Fund Balance	297,568	184,672	(274,735)	207,505
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,166,054	1,499,456	4,205,390	6,870,900
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,463,622	\$ 1,684,128	\$ 3,930,655	\$ 7,078,405

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2020

	Е	Adult ducation Fund	C	afeteria Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Assets							
Cash in County Treasury	\$	528,258	\$	512,394	\$ 1,040,652		
Accounts Receivable		288,762		296,349	585,111		
Stores Inventories				41,436	 41,436		
Total Assets	\$	817,020	\$	850,179	\$ 1,667,199		
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$	27,756 32,176 - 59,932	\$	35,471 84,319 23,855 143,645	\$ 63,227 116,495 23,855 203,577		
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable		-		41,436	41,436		
Restricted		659,349		665,098	1,324,447		
Assigned		97,739		-	 97,739		
Total Fund Balance		757,088		706,534	1,463,622		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	817,020	\$	850,179	\$ 1,667,199		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
June 30, 2020

						Total	
					Nonmajor		
		Adult				Special	
	E	ducation	(Cafeteria]	Revenue	
		Fund		Fund		Funds	
Revenues							
Federal Revenue	\$	171,009	\$	1,630,742	\$	1,801,751	
Other State Revenue		868,409		110,888		979,297	
Interest		6,483		8,065		14,548	
Other Local Revenue		150,529		426,556		577,085	
Total Revenues		1,196,430		2,176,251		3,372,681	
Expenditures							
Current Expenditures:							
Instruction		475,457		-		475,457	
Instruction - Related Services		448,853		-		448,853	
Pupil Services		54,802		1,902,788		1,957,590	
General Administration		32,177		87,351		119,528	
Plant Services		56,238		17,447		73,685	
Total Expenditures		1,067,527		2,007,586		3,075,113	
Net Change in Fund Balance		128,903		168,665		297,568	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		628,185		537,869		1,166,054	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	757,088	\$	706,534	\$	1,463,622	

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2020

	Capital Facilities Fund		County School Facilities Fund		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Assets					
Cash in County Treasury	\$	1,682,120	\$	10,972	\$ 1,693,092
Accounts Receivable		5,505		26	5,531
Total Assets	\$	1,687,625	\$	10,998	\$ 1,698,623
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	14,495 14,495	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 14,495 14,495
Fund Balance:					
Restricted		1,673,130		10,998	1,684,128
Total Fund Balance		1,673,130	-	10,998	1,684,128
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,687,625	\$	10,998	\$ 1,698,623

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
June 30, 2020

						Total
					N	onmajor
		Capital	Coun	ty School	(Capital
	F	Facilities	Fa	cilities	P	rojects
		Fund	I	Fund		Funds
Revenues						
Interest	\$	24,605	\$	166	\$	24,771
Other Local Revenue		351,643				281,457
Total Revenues		376,248		166		376,414
Expenditures						
Current Expenditures:						
General Administration		81,036		-		81,045
Capital Outlay		110,706				110,706
Total Expenditures		191,742		-		191,751
Net Change in Fund Balance		184,506		166		184,672
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,488,624		10,832		1,499,456
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,673,130	\$	10,998	\$	1,684,128



Local Education Agency Organization Structure June 30, 2020

The Central Union High School District was established in 1908 and is comprised of an area of El Centro, Heber, and Seeley in Imperial County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is currently operating three high schools. The District also maintains a continuation high school and an adult education program.

GOVERNING BOARD

Name	Office	Term and Term Expiration
Ryan Childers	President	Four Year Term Expires November 30, 2020
Jacinto Jiminez	Clerk	Four Year Term Expires November 30, 2020
Emma L. Jones	Member	Four Year Term Expires November 30, 2022
Tood Evangelist	Member	Four Year Term Expires November 30, 2022
Diahna Garcia-Ruiz	Member	Four Year Term Expires November 30, 2020

ADMINISTRATION

Renato Montano Superintendent

Sheri Hart Assistant Superintendent Educational Services

Arnold Preciado Assistant Superintendent Business Services

Carol Moreno
Director of
Human Resources

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Second Per Certificate #	•	Annual Report Certificate #CF9B3A96		
	Original	Revised	Original	Revised	
Grades 9-12					
Regular ADA	3,999.41	N/A	3,999.41	N/A	
Extended Year Special Education	0.38	N/A	0.38	N/A	
Total Grades 9-12	3,999.79	N/A	3,999.79	N/A	
Total ADA	3,999.79	N/A	3,999.79	N/A	

N/A – There were no audit findings which resulted in necessary revisions to attendance for the Second Period Report.

On March 17, 2020 Governor Newsom signed Senate Bill (SB) 117 which mitigated the effect of lost attendance due to COVID-19 that occurred after February 29, 2020. For the purpose of preventing losses of attendance-based funding as a result of reductions in average daily attendance (ADA) due to COVID-19, this legislation provided that the ADA used for both the second period (P2) and the Annual period apportionment include all full school months from July 1, 2019 to February 29, 2020 for all local education agencies (LEAs).

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts and charter schools. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Minutes	2019-20	2019-20 COVID-19	2019-20 Total Instructional	2019-20 Actual	2019-20 COVID-19	2019-20 Total	
Grade Level	Requirement	Actual Minutes	Closure Minutes	Minutes	School Days	Closure Days	School Days	Status
9th Grade	64,800	50,186	18,699	68,885	131	49	180	Complied
10th Grade	64,800	50,186	18,699	68,885	131	49	180	Complied
11th Grade	64,800	50,186	18,699	68,885	131	49	180	Complied
12th Grade	64,800	50,186	18,699	68,885	131	49	180	Complied

Due to COVID-19 the District closed campus on March 17, 2020 through the end of the school year. Distance learning was provided to students for school days during the closure. This schedule has been reflected based on the original approved calendar and instructional time planned by the District for the 2019-20 fiscal year.

School districts must maintain their instructional minutes as defined in Education Code §46201 through §46207. This schedule is required of all school districts, including basic aid districts.

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code §46201 through §46207.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2020

General Fund	Budget 2021 (See Note 1)	2020	2019	2018
Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 63,829,152	\$ 58,074,404	\$ 59,808,461	\$ 52,585,675
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	57,372,322	59,482,231	60,386,380	53,969,518
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,456,830	(1,407,827)	(577,919)	(1,383,843)
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 17,863,663	\$ 11,406,833	\$ 12,814,660	\$ 13,392,579
Available Reserves (See Note 2)	\$ 17,491,402	\$ 9,515,833	\$ 10,977,278	\$ 12,080,957
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	30.49%	16.00%	18.18%	22.38%
Long Term Debt	\$ 31,319,601	\$ 32,733,178	\$ 34,032,061	\$ 17,185,068
Average Daily Attendance at P2	4,000	4,000	3,947	4,004

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The general fund balance has decreased by \$1,985,746 (14.83%) over the past two years. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget projects an increase of \$6,456,830 (56.60%). For a district of this size, the State recommends available reserves of 3% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses (total outgo).

Total long-term debt has increased by \$15,548,110 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 4 over the past two years.

Notes:

- 1. Budget 2021 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.
- 2. Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances contained within the general fund.
- 3. Long term debt consists of general obligation bonds.
- 4. As described in Note A to these financial statements, for purposes of reporting in conformity with GASB Statement No. 54, the District's Deferred Maintenance Fund (Fund 14), Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay (Fund 17), and Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits (Fund 20) do not meet the definition of a special revenue fund and were therefore combined with the General Fund for financial statement reporting. The above Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis contains only the financial information of the General Fund.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund (Fund 01)		Deferred Maintenance Fund (Fund 14)		Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay (Fund 17)		Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits (Fund 20)	
June 30, 2020, annual financial and budget		_			·			
report fund balances	\$	12,131,424	\$	785,857	\$	6,630	\$	2,727,435
Adjustments and reclassifications: Increasing (decreasing) the fund balance:								
Overstatement of Accounts Receivable		(724,591)		-		-		-
GASB 54 Fund Presentation		3,519,922		(785,857)		(6,630)		(2,727,435)
Net adjustments and reclassifications		2,795,331		(785,857)		(6,630)		(2,727,435)
June 30, 2020, audited financial statement								
fund balances	\$	14,926,755	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds as reported on the SACS Annual Financial and Budget Report with the audited financial statements. Funds that required no adjustment are not presented.

Schedule of Charter Schools Year Ended June 30, 2020

As of June 30, 2020, the District is not a sponsoring local educational agency for any charter schools.

This schedule is provided to list all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Subrecipient Expenditures	Total Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through California Department of Education				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	13526	\$ -	\$ 304,124
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13523	-	1,112,460
National School Lunch Program - Noncash Commodities	10.555	13392		214,159
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				1,630,743
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:				
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through California Department of Education				
IDEA Basic Local Assistance	84.027	13379	_	522,999
IDEA Mental Health	84.027	15197	_	97,612
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster				620,611
OTHER PROGRAMS:				
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed through California Department of Education				
Adult Education Basic	84.002	14508		69,340
Adult Education Basic Adult Education Secondary	84.002	13978	-	98,450
Adult Education Secondary Adult Education English Literacy	84.002	14109		3,219
Title I	84.010	14329	-	1,090,574
Migrant Education	84.011	14326	_	523,840
Vocational Education	84.048	14894	_	110,325
Title III English Learner	84.365	14346	_	36,586
School Improvement Grant	84.377	15127	_	67,057
Title II Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	14341	_	104,899
Title IV Student Support	84.424	15396	_	106,362
U.S. Department of the Treasury	01.121	13370		100,502
Passed through California Department of Education				
CARES Act - Learning Loss Mitigation	21.019	10149	_	1,608,862
Total Other Programs	21.017	10117		3,819,514
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ -	\$ 6,070,868
TOTAL DAL DIVITORES OF TEDERAL TANKEDS			4	Ψ 0,070,000

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with requirements of 2 CFR §200.502 Basis for Determining Federal Awards Expended and 2CFR §200.510(b) Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The expenditures reported on the schedule are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Indirect Cost Rate

Indirect costs were calculated in accordance with 2 CFR §200.412 *Direct and Indirect Costs*. The District used an indirect cost rate of 6.98% based on the rate approved by the California Department of Education for each program which did not have a pre-defined allowable indirect cost rate. The District did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as covered in 2 CFR §200.414 *Indirect Costs*. The following programs utilized a lower indirect cost rate based on program restrictions or other factors determined by the District:

		Indirect
Program	CFDA #	Cost Rate
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553, 10.555	5.12%
Title I	84.010	6.80%
Migrant Education	84.011	4.27%
Vocational Education	84.048	5.42%
Title II Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	6.70%
School Improvement Grant	84.377	5.33%

Schoolwide Program

The District operates "schoolwide programs" at all school sites. Using federal funding, schoolwide programs are designed to upgrade an entire educational program within a school for all students, rather than limiting services to certain targeted students. The following federal program amounts were expended by the District in it's schoolwide programs:

		Amount
Program	CFDA #	Expended
Title I	84.010	\$ 1,090,574





Brian K. Hadley, CPA Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Education Central Union High School District El Centro, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Central Union High School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Central Union High School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Central Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Central Union High School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Central Union High School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Central Union High School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co Life El Cajon, California March 31, 2021

Brian K. Hadley, CPA Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Education Central Union High School District El Centro, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Central Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Central Union High School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Central Union High School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Central Union High School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Central Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Central Union High School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Central Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Central Union High School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Central Union High School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Central Union High School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co Let El Cajon, California

March 31, 2021

Brian K. Hadley, CPA Aubrey W. Mann, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

To the Board of Education Central Union High School District El Centro, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited the Central Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's state programs identified below for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Management's Responsibility for State Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each applicable program as identified in the State's Audit Guide 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the comptroller General of the United States; and the State's audit guide 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. Those standards and audit guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about each school's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools A. Attendance	Description	Procedures Performed
A. Attendance	Description	1 chomica
A. Attendance	Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
B. Teacher Certification and Misassignments. C. Kindergarten Continuance. N/A D. Independent Study. E. Continuation Education. F. Instructional Time. Yes G. Instructional Materials. Yes H. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers. F. Is any Retirement Incentive. K. Gann Limit Calculation. Yes I. Classroom Teacher Salaries. J. Early Retirement Incentive. N/A K. Gann Limit Calculation. Yes L. School Accountability Report Card. N. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A N. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A N. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A R. Gomprehensive School Safety Plan. P. Transportation Maintenance of Effort. Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools T. California Clean Energy Jobs Act. Yes U. After/Before School Education and Safety Program. N/A V. Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds. Yes W. Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts. Yes X. Local Control and Accountability Plan. Yes Yes Y. Independent Study - Course Based. N/A Charter Schools A. Attendance. N/A B.B. Mode of Instruction. N/A D.D. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction. N/A E.E. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based. N/A		Yes
C. Kindergarten Continuance		
D. Independent Study		
E. Continuation Education	8	
F. Instructional Time		Yes
G. Instructional Materials. H. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers. J. Classroom Teacher Salaries. J. Classroom Teacher Salaries. J. Early Retirement Incentive. N/A K. Gann Limit Calculation. Yes L. School Accountability Report Card. M. Juvenile Court Schools. N/A N. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment. Yes P. Transportation Maintenance of Effort. Yes Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. Yes S. District of Choice. N/A School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools T. California Clean Energy Jobs Act. Yes U. After/Before School Education and Safety Program. N/A V. Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds. Yes W. Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts Yes Y. Local Control and Accountability Plan. Yes Y. Independent Study - Course Based. N/A Charter Schools AA Attendance. N/A BB. Mode of Instruction. N/A DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction. N/A EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based. N/A		
H. Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers. I. Classroom Teacher Salaries. J. Early Retirement Incentive. N/A K. Gann Limit Calculation. Yes L. School Accountability Report Card. M. Juvenile Court Schools. N/A N. Middle or Early College High Schools. N/A R. Grade Span Adjustment. Yes Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. Yes S. District of Choice. N/A School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools T. California Clean Energy Jobs Act. Yes U. After/Before School Education and Safety Program. N/A V. Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds. Yes W. Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts. Yes X. Local Control and Accountability Plan. Yes Y. Independent Study - Course Based. N/A Charter Schools AA. Attendance. N/A BB. Mode of Instruction. N/A DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction. N/A EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based. N/A		
I. Classroom Teacher Salaries		
J. Early Retirement Incentive		
K. Gann Limit Calculation		
L. School Accountability Report Card	•	
M. Juvenile Court Schools		
N. Middle or Early College High Schools. O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment. Yes P. Transportation Maintenance of Effort. Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools T. California Clean Energy Jobs Act. Ves U. After/Before School Education and Safety Program. N/A V. Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds. Yes W. Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts. Yes X. Local Control and Accountability Plan. Yes Y. Independent Study - Course Based. N/A Charter Schools AA. Attendance. N/A BB. Mode of Instruction. N/A CC. Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study. N/A DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction. N/A EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based. N/A	* *	
O. K-3 Grade Span Adjustment		
P. Transportation Maintenance of Effort. Yes Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction. N/A R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan. Yes S. District of Choice. N/A School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools T. California Clean Energy Jobs Act. Yes U. After/Before School Education and Safety Program. N/A V. Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds. Yes W. Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts. Yes X. Local Control and Accountability Plan. Yes Y. Independent Study - Course Based. N/A Charter Schools AA. Attendance. N/A BB. Mode of Instruction. N/A CC. Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study. N/A DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction. N/A EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based. N/A		
Q. Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	* *	
R. Comprehensive School Safety Plan	•	
S. District of Choice		
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools T. California Clean Energy Jobs Act. Yes U. After/Before School Education and Safety Program. N/A V. Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds. Yes W. Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts. Yes X. Local Control and Accountability Plan. Yes Y. Independent Study - Course Based. N/A Charter Schools AA. Attendance. N/A BB. Mode of Instruction. N/A CC. Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study. N/A DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction. N/A EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based. N/A		
T. California Clean Energy Jobs Act	5. District of Choice	14/21
T. California Clean Energy Jobs Act	School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
U. After/Before School Education and Safety Program	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Yes
V. Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds. W. Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts. X. Local Control and Accountability Plan. Yes Y. Independent Study - Course Based. Charter Schools AA. Attendance. BB. Mode of Instruction. CC. Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study. DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction. N/A EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based. N/A		
W. Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts. X. Local Control and Accountability Plan. Yes Y. Independent Study - Course Based. Charter Schools AA. Attendance. BB. Mode of Instruction. CC. Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study. DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction. N/A EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based. N/A	, ,	Yes
X. Local Control and Accountability Plan		
Y. Independent Study - Course Based. Charter Schools AA. Attendance. BB. Mode of Instruction. CC. Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study. DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction. N/A EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based. N/A		
Charter Schools AA. Attendance	·	
AA. Attendance		
BB. Mode of Instruction. CC. Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study. DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction. N/A EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based. N/A	Charter Schools	
CC. Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study	AA. Attendance	N/A
DD. Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom Based Instruction	BB. Mode of Instruction.	N/A
EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	CC. Nonclassroom Based Instruction/Independent Study	N/A
EE. Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	* *	N/A
FF. Charter School Facility Grant Program	-	N/A
	FF. Charter School Facility Grant Program.	N/A

The term N/A is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We did not perform testing for Independent Study. The procedures were not required to be performed since the ADA was below the threshold which required testing.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Central Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the statutory requirements listed in the schedule above for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co Let El Cajon, California

March 31, 2021



Schedule of Auditor's Results Year Ended June 30, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
One or more material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are	105	110
not considered material weakness(es)?	Yes	X No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X No
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major programs:		
One or more material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are		
not considered material weakness(es)?	Yes	X No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Compliance supplement utilized for single audit	August 2020 and December 2020 Addendum	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be		
reported in accordance with 2 CFR §200.516?	Yes	X No
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
21.019 CARES Act - Learning Loss Mitigation		
84.367 Title II Supporting Effective Instruction		
Dellan threehold used to distinguish hetuveen Type A		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$750,000	
and Type D programs	\$730,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes	No
STATE AWARDS		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported		
in accordance with 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits		
of California K-12 Local Education Agencies?	Yes	X No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified	
1,pt of addition to report about an compliance for state programs.		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2020

Findings represent significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and/or instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), or the 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Finding codes as identified in the 2019-20 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting are as follows:

Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Type	
10000	Attendance	
20000	Inventory of Equipment	
30000	Internal Control	
40000	State Compliance	
42000	Charter School Facilities	
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	
50000	Federal Compliance	
60000	Miscellaneous	
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries	
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan	
70000	Instructional Materials	
71000	Teacher Misassignments	
72000	School Accountability Report Card	

A. Financial Statement Findings

None

B. Federal Awards

None

C. State Award Findings

None

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2020

Finding/Recommendation	Status	Explanation if Not Implemented
Finding 2019-001		
Year End Closing		
In our review of the financial statements and preparation of the audit report we noted that the District was not able to provide depreciation reports in order to complete the conversion entries required under GASB 34 in a timely manner. In addition, accounts receivable was overstated by \$181,148.		
We recommended the District implement procedures to require depreciation reports are completed as part of the closing process. We also recommended the District provide additional training as to how to use the depreciation software so that the reports can be provided in a more timely manner. Finally, we recommended the District implement procedures to review all accounts prior to close to ensure accuracy.	Implemented	